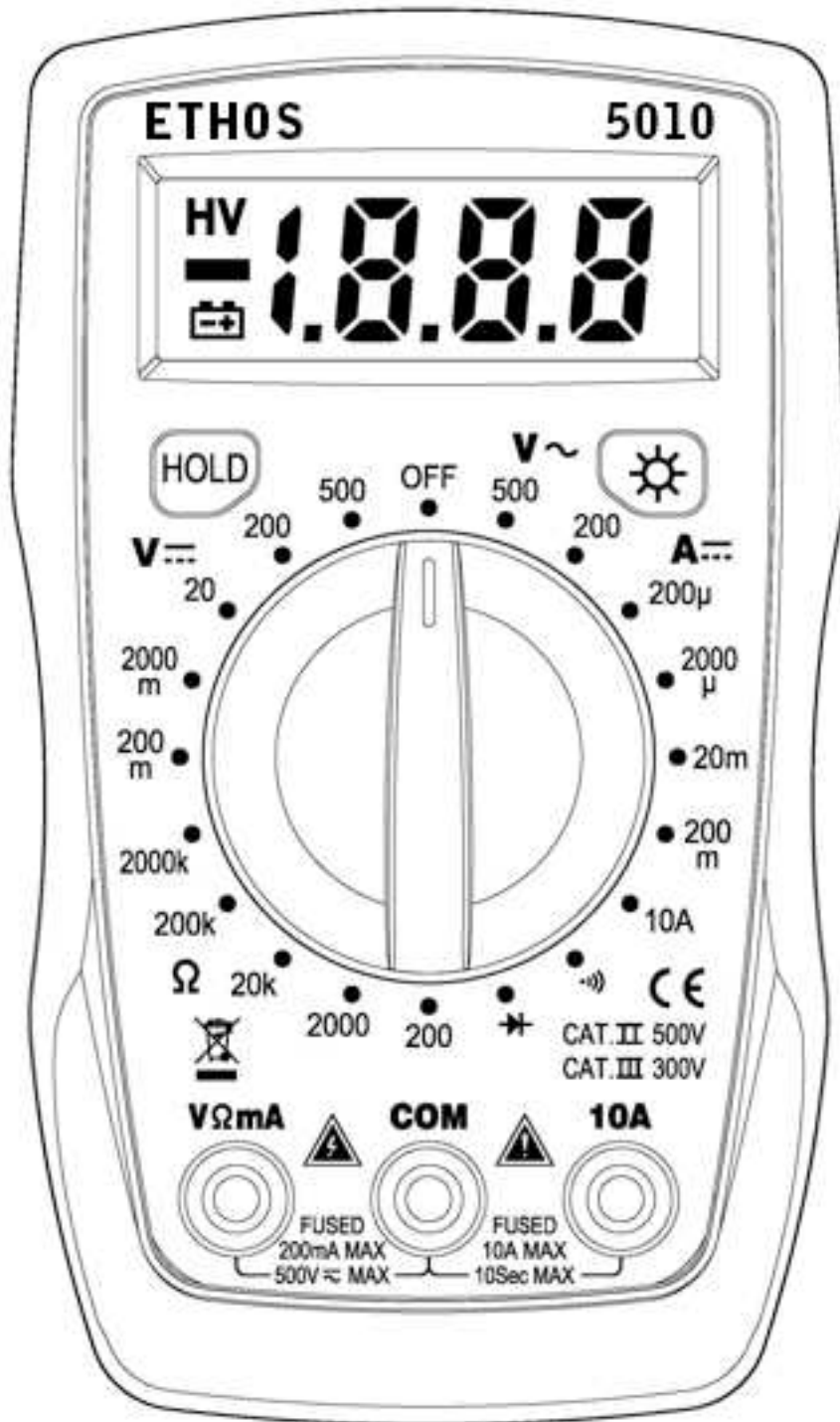


ETHOS 5010









Digital Multimeter


OPERATION MANUAL





1. SAFETY INFORMATION

SAFETY SYMBOLS


-  **Warning!** Dangerous Voltage (Risk of electric shock).
-  **Caution!** Refer to the user's manual before using this Meter.
-  **Double Insulation** (Protection Class II).
-  Alternating Current (**AC**).
-  Direct Current (**DC**).
-  Either **DC** or **AC**.
-  **Ground** (maximum permitted voltage between terminal and ground).
-  The symbol indicating separate collection for electrical and electronic equipment.

 **The RESPONSIBLE BODY shall be made aware that, if the instrument is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the instrument may be impaired.**

 **The finger or any part of your body shall not be beyond the barrier of the test probe when measuring.**

 **Individual protective equipment must be used if HAZARDOUS LIVE parts in the installation where measurement is to be carried out could be ACCESSIBLE.**

The following safety information must be observed to insure maximum personal safety during the operation at this meter.

- 1.1 Do not operate the meter if the body of meter or the test leads appear damaged.
- 1.2 Check the main function dial and make sure it is at the correct position before each measurement.
- 1.3 When making current measurements ensure that the circuit is not "live" before opening it in order to connect the test leads.
- 1.4 Do not perform resistance, diode and continuity test on a live power system.
- 1.5 Do not apply voltage between the test terminals and test terminal to ground that exceeds the maximum limit record in this manual.
- 1.6 Exercise extreme caution when measuring live system with voltage greater than 60V DC or 30V AC.
- 1.7 Change the battery when the  symbol appears to avoid incorrect data.
- 1.8 Use the DMM indoor, altitude up to 2000m and temperature 5°C to 40°C. Maximum relative humidity 80% for temperatures up to 31°C, decreasing linearly to 50% relative humidity at 40°C. Pollution Degree 2.

2. SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS


Display: LCD with a max. reading of 1999.

Range control: Manual range control.

Polarity: Automatic negative polarity indication.

Zero adjustment: Automatic.

Over-range indication: The "1" or "-1" display.

Low-battery indication: Display "" sign.

Safety standards: **CE EMC/LVD. CAT II 500V \sim . CAT III 300V \sim .**

The meter is up to the standards of IEC1010 Double Insulation, Pollution Degree 2, Overvoltage Category II.

Operating environment: Temperature 0°C to 40°C (32 to 104°F),
Humidity \leq 80% RH.

Storage environment: Temperature -20°C to 60°C (-4 to 140°F),
Humidity \leq 90% RH.

Fuse: F0.5A/500V 5 x 20mm, F10A/500V 5 x 20mm.

Test lead probe: CAT II 500V / CAT III 300V, 10A, L=90cm.

Power supply: 3V CR2032 battery.

Dimension: 125(H) x 74(W) x 30(D) mm

Weight: Approx. 100g (including battery).

2.2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Accuracies are \pm (% of reading + number in last digit)
at 23 \pm 5°C, \leq 75% RH.

2.2.1 DC Voltage

Range	Accuracy	Resolution
200mV	$\pm (1.0\%+2)$	0.1mV
2000mV		1mV
20V		10mV
200V		100mV
500V	$\pm (1.2\%+2)$	1V

Overload protection: 500V DC or AC rms

Impedance: 1M Ω

2.2.2 AC Voltage

Range	Accuracy	Resolution
200V	$\pm (1.5\%+3)$	100mV
500V		1V

Average sensing, calibrated to rms of sine wave

Frequency: 40~500Hz

Overload protection: 500V DC or AC rms

Impedance: 450kΩ

2.2.3 DC Current

Range	Accuracy	Resolution
200μA	± (1.5%+2)	0.1μA
2000μA		1μA
20mA		10μA
200mA	± (2.0%+2)	100μA
10A	± (2.0%+3)	10mA

Overload protection: F0.5A/500V, F10A/500V fuse



Note: 10A up to 10 seconds

2.2.4 Resistance

Range	Accuracy	Resolution
200Ω	± (1.0%+5)	0.1Ω
2000Ω	± (1.0%+3)	1Ω
20kΩ		10Ω
200kΩ		100Ω
2000kΩ	± (1.5%+3)	1kΩ

Overload protection: F0.5A/500V fuse

2.2.5 Diode and Audible continuity test

Range	Description	Test condition
	Display read approximately forward voltage of diode	Forward DC current approx. 10μA Reversed DC voltage approx. 1.8V
	Built-in buzzer sounds if resistance is less than 50Ω	Open circuit voltage approx. 1.8V

Overload protection: F0.5A/500V fuse

3. OPERATION

3.1 DC Voltage Measurement

- 1) Connect the black test lead to the "**COM**" socket and red test lead to the "**VΩmA**" socket.
- 2) Set the selector switch to desired "**V $\overline{\text{---}}$** " position.
- 3) Measure the voltage by touch the test lead tips to the test circuit where the value of voltage is needed.
- 4) Read the result from the LCD panel. The polarity of the red lead connection

will be indicated along with the DC voltage value.

Note:

- a) If the voltage range is not known beforehand, set the selector switch to high range and work down.
- b) When “1” or “-1” is display, over-range is being indicated and the selector switch must be set to a higher range.
- c) Don't apply more than 500V DC or AC rms to the input, indication is possible at higher voltage but there is danger of damaging the internal circuit.
- d) Use extreme caution to avoid contact with high tension circuits when measuring high voltage.

3.2 AC Voltage Measurement

- 1) Connect the black test lead to the "**COM**" socket and red test lead to the "**VΩmA**" socket.
- 2) Set the selector switch to desired "**V~**" position.
- 3) Measure the voltage by touch the test lead tips to the test circuit where the value of voltage is needed.
- 4) Read the result from the LCD panel.

Note: See DC voltage measurement note a)~d).

3.3 DC Current Measurement

- 1) Connect the black test lead to "**COM**" socket. For measurement up to 200mA, connect the red test lead to the "**VΩmA**" socket; for measurement from 200mA to 10A, connect the red test lead to the "**10A**" socket.
- 2) Set the selector switch to desired "**A—**" position.
- 3) Remove power from the circuit under test and open the normal circuit path where the measurement is to be taken. Connect the meter in series with the circuit.
- 4) Read the result from the LCD panel. The polarity of the red lead connection will be indicated along with the DC current value.

Note:

- a) If the current range is not known beforehand, set the selector switch to high range and work down.
- b) When “1” or “-1” is display, over-range is being indicated and the selector switch must be set to a higher range.
- c) The maximum input current is 500mA and 10A depending upon the jack used. The F0.5A/500V fuse protect the current measuring circuits that measure up to 200mA, the F10A/500V fuse protect the current measuring circuits that measure from 200mA to 10A. The maximum time of the 10A range measurement each is 15 seconds.

3.4 Resistance Measurement

- 1) Connect the black test lead to the "**COM**" socket and red test lead to the "**VΩmA**" socket.

- 2) Set the selector switch to desired “ Ω ” position.
- 3) Connect tip of the test leads to the points where the value of the resistance is needed.
- 4) Read the result from the LCD panel.

Note:

- a) If the resistance value being measured exceeds the maximum value of the range selected, an over-range indication will be displayed (“1”), select a higher range. For resistance of approximately 1 megohm and above, the meter may take a few seconds to stabilize, this is normal for high resistance readings.
- b) When the input is not connected, i.e. at open circuit, the sign “1” or “-1” will be displayed for the over-range condition.
- c) When checking in-circuit resistance, be sure the circuit under test has all power removed and that all capacitors are fully discharged.

3.5 Diode Test

- 1) Connect the black test lead to the “**COM**” socket and red test lead to the “**V Ω mA**” socket.
- 2) Set the selector switch to desired “ $\rightarrow|$ ” position.
- 3) Connect the test leads across the diode under measurement, display shows the approx. forward voltage of this diode.

Note:

Make sure the power is cut off and all capacitors need to be discharged under this measurement.

3.6 Audible continuity Test

- 1) Connect the black test lead to the “**COM**” socket and red test lead to the “**V Ω mA**” socket.
- 2) Set the selector switch to desired “ $\rightarrow|)$ ” position.
- 3) Connect the test leads to two point of circuit, if the resistance is lower than approx. 50 Ω , the buzzer sounds.

Note:

Make sure the power is cut off and all capacitors need to be discharged under this measurement.

3.7 Data Hold

On any range, press the “**HOLD**” key to lock display value, press it again to exit.

3.8 Back Light

On any range, press the “ \odot ” key to light the back light, press it again to flash the light.

4. Battery replacement

- 1) When the battery voltage drop below proper operation range, the “”

- symbol will appear on the LCD display and the battery need to be changed.
- 2) Before changing the battery, set the selector switch to “**OFF**” position to power off and remove the test leads from the terminals.
 - 3) Remove the two screws on the bottom case and lift the bottom case.
 - 4) Replace the old battery with the same type battery.
 - 5) Close the bottom case and fasten the screws.
- Caution:** Dispose the used batteries according to the rules, which are defined

Warning: If an explosion or fire hazard could occur through fitting a battery of the wrong type.

5. Fuse replacement

- 1) This meter is provided with a F0.5A/500V fuse to protect the resistance, Diode, Audible continuity test and the current measuring circuits which measure up to 200mA, with a F10A/500V fuse to protect the 10A range.
- 2) Ensure the meter is not connected to any external circuit, set the selector switch to “**OFF**” position to power off and remove the test leads from the terminals.
- 3) Remove the two screws on the bottom case and lift the bottom case.
- 4) Replace the old fuse with the same type and rating:
5 × 20mm F0.5A/500V or 5 × 20mm F10A/500V fuse.
- 5) Close the bottom case and fasten the screws.

6. MAINTENANCE

- 1) Before opening the bottom case, disconnect both test lead and never use the meter before the bottom case is closed.
- 2) To avoid contamination or static damage, do not touch the circuit board without proper static protection.
- 3) If the meter is not going to be used for a long time, take out the battery and do not store the meter in high temperature or high humidity environment.
- 4) Repairs or servicing not covered in this manual should only be performed by qualified personnel.
- 5) Periodically wipe the case with a dry cloth and detergent. Do not use abrasives or solvents on the meter.

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